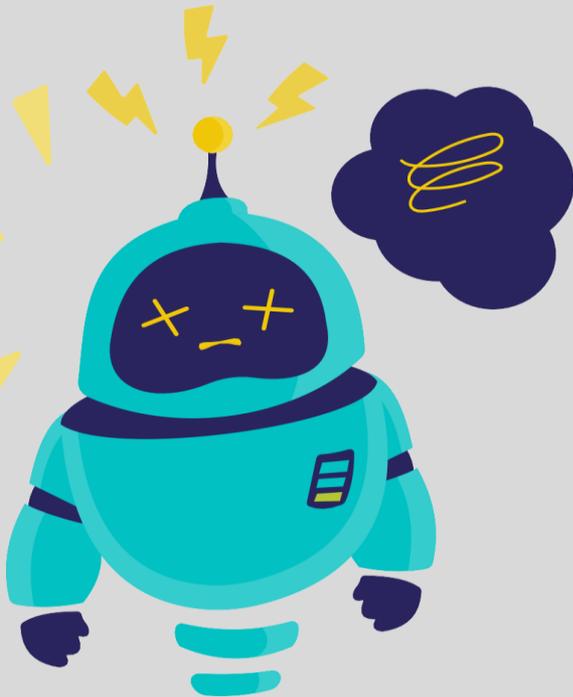


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ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



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What do you
think Artificial
Intelligence is?



The power of a machine to copy
intelligent human behavior.





What is Artificial Intelligence?

Artificial defines "manmade," and intelligence defines "thinking power", hence AI means "a man-made thinking power."

It is a branch of computer science by which we can create intelligent machines which can behave like a human, think like humans, and able to make decisions."

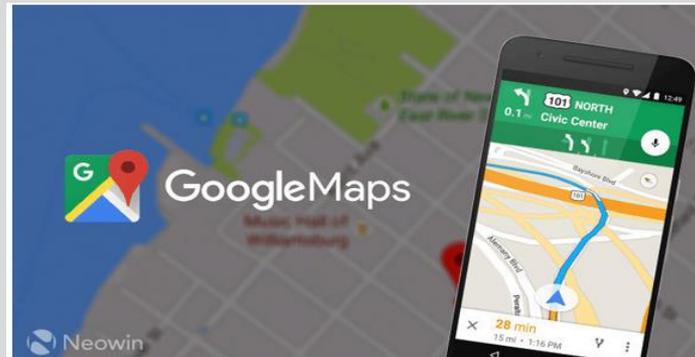
Examples of these tasks are visual perception, speech recognition, decision-making, and translation between languages.

Real Life A.I. Examples

AI can be used for various situations, but these are some examples of AI in our daily life.



- ❑ Automated Cars
- ❑ Navigation Systems
- ❑ Chatbots
- ❑ Human vs Computer Games
- ❑ Face Recognition
- ❑ Virtual Assistance
- ❑ Text Editor



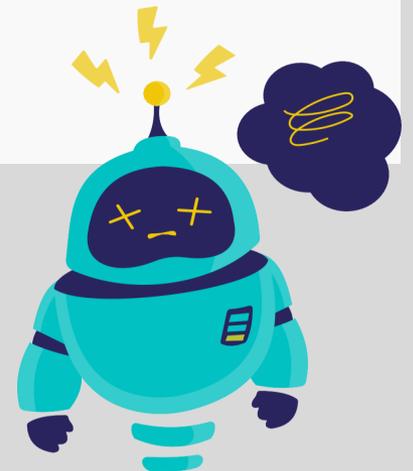
Applications of Artificial Intelligence



Weak/Narrow A.I.

Machines with weak Artificial Intelligence are made to respond to specific situations, but can not think for themselves.

Apple Siri is a good example of Narrow AI, but it operates with a limited pre-defined range of functions. playing chess, purchasing suggestions on e-commerce site, self-driving cars, speech recognition, and image recognition.





Strong A.I.

A machine with strong A.I. is able to think and act just like a human. It is able to learn from experiences.

Strong AI include capability include the ability to think, to reason, solve the puzzle, make judgments, plan, learn, and communicate by its own. Since there are no real life examples of strong A.I. yet, the best representation would be how Hollywood portrays robots.



Artificial Intelligence Test

The Turing Test

In the 1950s Developed by **Alan Turing** which is used to determine the level of intelligence of a computer. Involves an interpreter, a human, and a computer.

The computer and human have separate conversations with the interpreter.

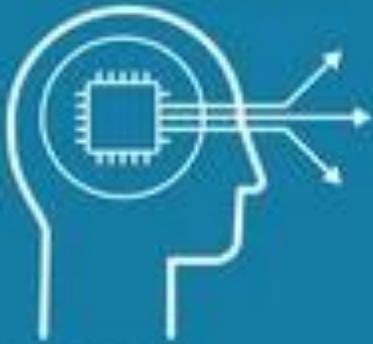
If the interpreter can't guess which is the computer or if the interpreter gets it wrong then the computer has Artificial Intelligence.



1950

1980

2010



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

ENGINEERING OF MACHINES THAT MIMIC COGNITIVE FUNCTIONS



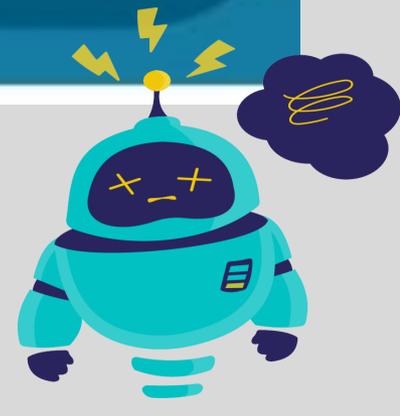
MACHINE LEARNING

ABILITY TO PERFORM TASKS WITHOUT EXPLICIT INSTRUCTIONS AND RELYING ON PATTERNS



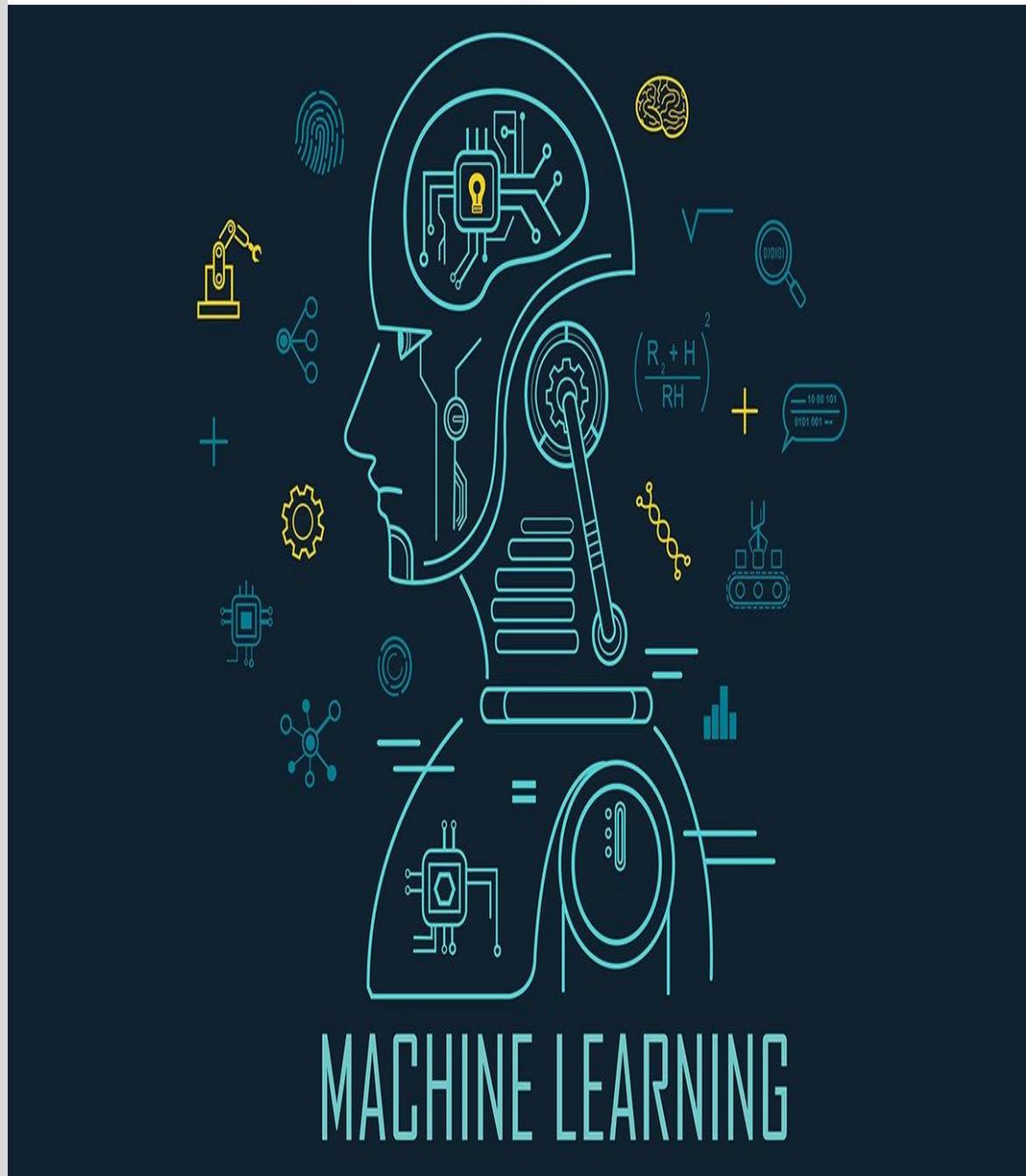
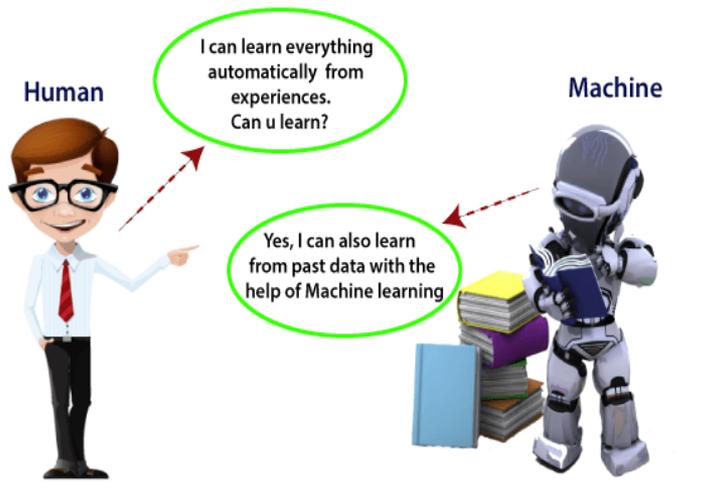
DEEP LEARNING

MACHINE LEARNING BASED ON ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS

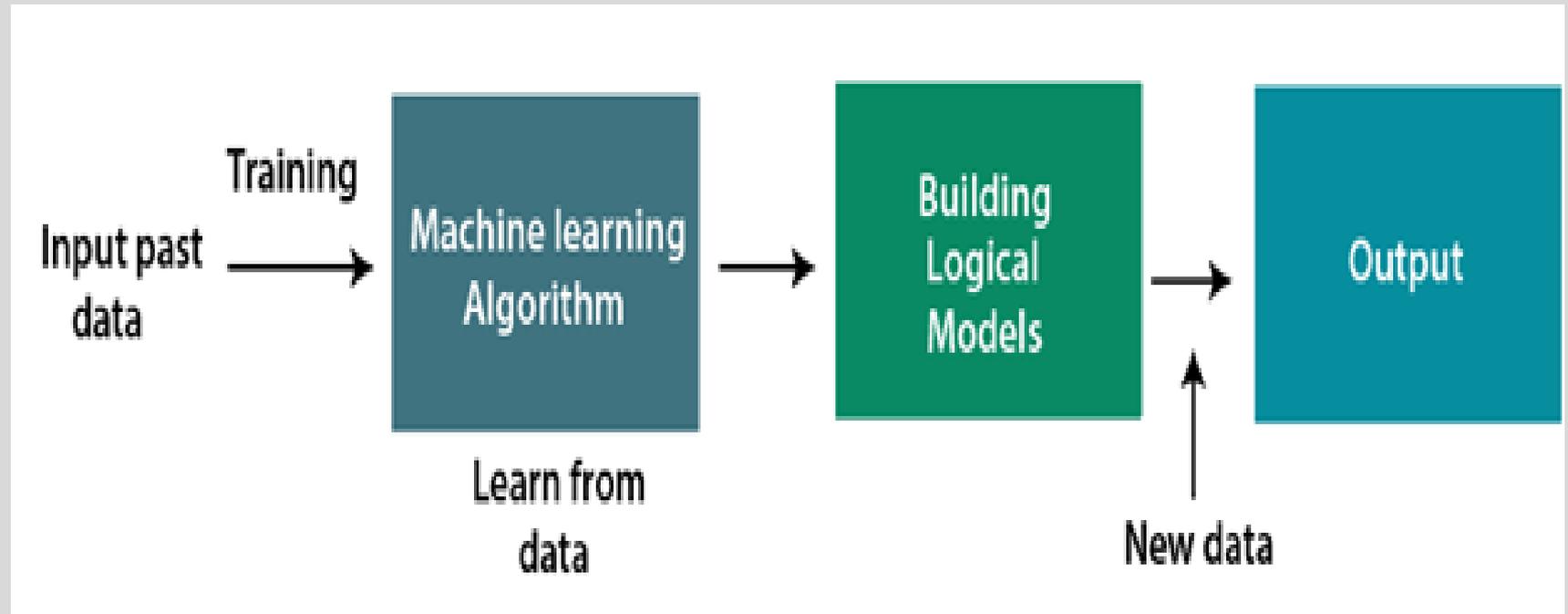


Machine Learning

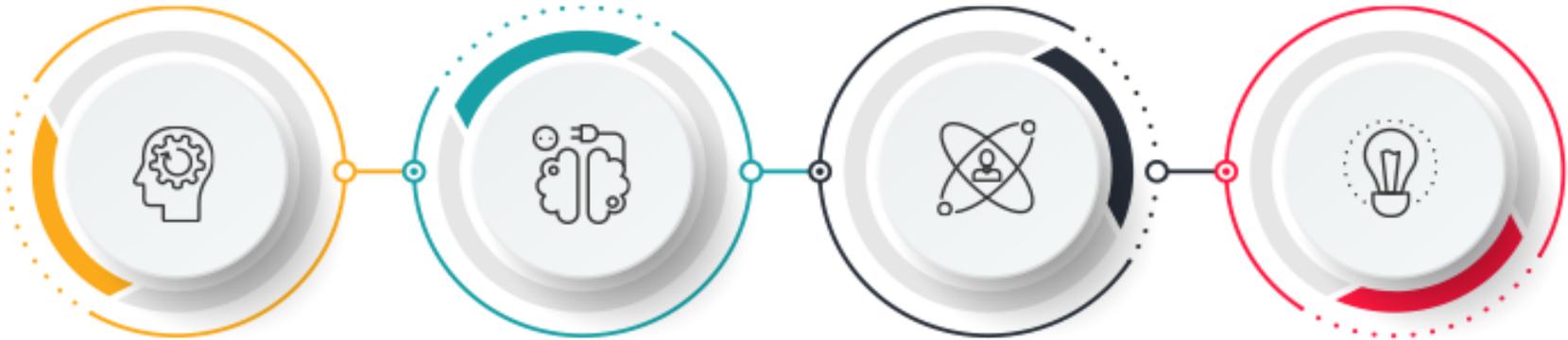
An application of Artificial Intelligence that gives machines the ability to learn and improve without the help of humans or new programming.



Machine Learning



TYPES OF MACHINE LEARNING



Supervised
Machine Learning

Unsupervised
Machine Learning

Semi-Supervised
Learning

Reinforcement
Learning

**SUPERVISED
LEARNING**

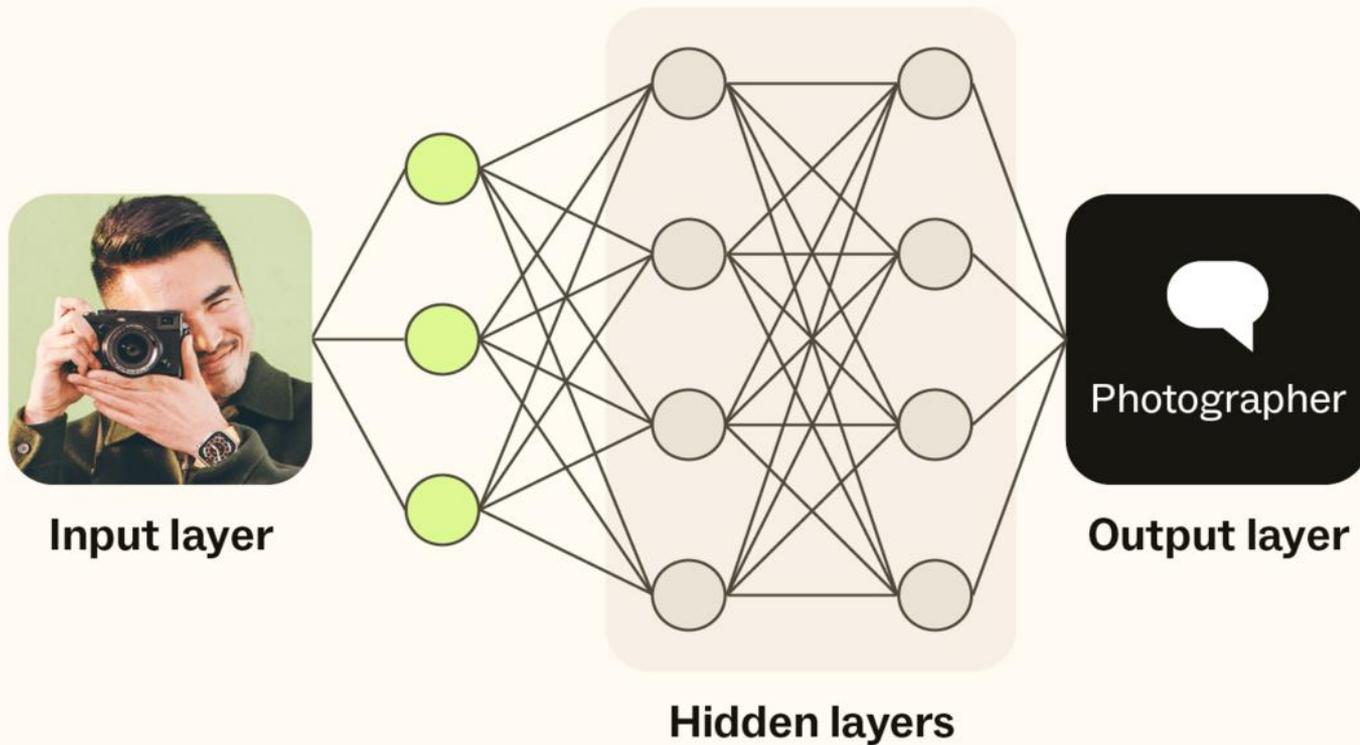
**UNSUPERVISED
LEARNING**

**REINFORCEMENT
LEARNING**



The deep learning process

The algorithm receives data, runs it through the input and hidden layers, and generates an output.



Deep Learning Applications

Virtual Assistants

Autonomous Vehicles

Face Recognition



Chatbots

Sound Addition to Silent Films

Colorization of Black and White Images

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE VS MACHINE LEARNING VS DEEP LEARNING

1 Artificial Intelligence

Development of smart systems and machines that can carry out tasks that typically require human intelligence

2 Machine Learning

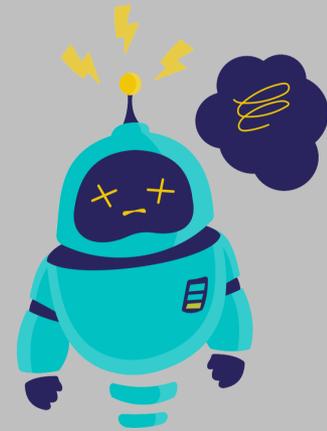
Creates algorithms that can learn from data and make decisions based on patterns observed
Require human intervention when decision is incorrect

3 Deep Learning

Uses an artificial neural network to reach accurate conclusions without human intervention



Future of AI



Healthcare



Security &
Defense



Education



Banking &
Finance



Autonomous
Vehicles



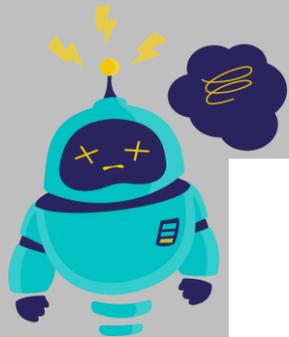
Manufacturing



Entertainment



Workplace



THANK YOU

